

Disorder	Diagnostic features			Aggression and violence			Personality features						
	Clinical Diagnosis?	Adults or Children?	More prevalent in M or F? <sup>1</sup>	Proactive or goal-directed aggression <sup>2</sup>	Reactive or impulsive aggression	Violence or criminal behavior	Anger or hostility	Low empathy or remorse	Arrogance or narcissism	Manipulation or deceit	Impulsive or lack of inhibitions	Acts cold or uncaring	Fearless or low anxiety
Psychopathy (primary <sup>3</sup> )	No <sup>4</sup>	Adults	M	●●●	●●	●●	●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●●
Psychopathy (secondary)	No	Adults	M	●●●	●●	●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●
Antisocial Personality Disorder (ASPD)	Yes	Adults	M	●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●	●●●	●●●	●●	●●
Narcissistic Personality Disorder (NPD)	Yes	Adults	M	●●	●●	●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●	●●	●
Borderline Personality Disorder (BPD)	Yes	Adults	M/F	●	●●	●	●●●	●	●	●●	●●●	●●	●
Conduct Disorder (CD)	Yes	Children	M	●●	●●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●	●●●	●●	●●
Conduct Disorder with Limited Prosocial Emotions (CD+LPE) <sup>5</sup>	Yes	Children	M	●●●	●●●	●●	●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●●	●●●
Oppositional Defiant Disorder (ODD)	Yes	Children	M	●	●●	●	●●●	●	●●	●●	●●	●	●
Substance Use Disorder (SUD)	Yes	Both	M	●	●●	●●	●●	●	●	●●	●●●	●	●

●●● = Very commonly associated with this disorder and/or part of the diagnostic criteria

●● = Sometimes associated with this disorder

● = No more common in people with this disorder than in the general population (unless the person has one or more additional disorders associated with this trait)

<sup>1</sup> Although all disorders can be observed in males and females

<sup>2</sup> Aggression refers to physical, emotional, or relational behaviors intended to harm another person

<sup>3</sup> Primary psychopathy is characterized by low anxiety and is strongly heritable; secondary psychopathy is characterized by high anxiety and thought to develop in response to environmental adversity.

<sup>4</sup> However, psychopathy is included in DSM-5 section III (which discusses emerging measures and models); some also consider psychopathy as assessed via the PCL-R equivalent to a clinical diagnosis

<sup>5</sup> *Limited Prosocial Emotions* is another term for *callous-unemotional traits*, which is sometimes abbreviated “CU traits”